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Q.No.	BIOLOGY	
1.	Chlorophyceae, Phaeophyceae and Rhodophyceae belong to	
	A) algae B) angiosperms C) gymnosperms D) pteridophytes	
2.	MTOC (Microtubule Organizing Centre) is not found in	
	A) centrosome B) the poles of the mitotic spindle C) the basal body of a cilium D) the bacterial flage	lluı
3.	Which one of the following is not a part of fallopian tube?	
	A) Isthmus B) Fundus C) Infundibulum D) Ampulla	
4.	In garden peas, height is determined by a single gene with tall being dominant to short. If two heterozygous plants at crossed, what proportion of the tall progeny will be homozygous dominant?	re
	A) 3/4 B) 1/2 C) 2/3 D) 1/3	
5.	Which pair is not correctly matched?	
	A) Dengue fever - Flavivirus B) Plague - Yersinia pestis C) Sleeping sickness - Trypanosoma gambi	ens
	D) Syphilis - Trichuris trichiura	
6.	In oxidative phosphorylation which one of the following four complexes is not a part of the electron transport chain	?
	A) NADH: CoQ reductase B) Succinate dehydrogenase C) Cytochrome c oxidase D) ATP syntha	se
7.	What is the first electron acceptor in photosystem I?	
	A) Cytochrome B) Iron-sulphur protein C) Plastocyanin D) Ferredoxin	
8.	In urinary system, blood plasma is filtered in	
	A) renal corpuscle B) proximal convoluted tubule C) loop of Henle D) distal tubule	
9.	Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP), an auto-fluorescent protein is commonly used as a tag in fusion proteins. Identify	the
	amino acid sequence responsible for its auto-fluorescence property.	
	A) Ser-Tyr-Gly B) Ser-Trp-Phe C) Lys-Tyr-Gly D) Lys-Trp-Phe	
10.	The two gases making highest relative contribution to the greenhouse effect are	
	A) CFC and N ₂ O B) CO ₂ and N ₂ O C) CO ₂ and CH ₄ D) CH ₄ and N ₂ O	