Computer Awareness

1. The ability of an OS to run more than one application at a time is called.
a) Multitasking
b) Object Oriented Programming
c) Multi-use Computing
d) Time sharing
e) None of these

2. You can use the _____ bar to type URL and display a Web page, or type a keyword to display a list of related Web pages.
a) Menu
b) Title
c) Search
d) Web
e) Address

3. Which part interprets program instructions and initiate control operations?
a) Input
b) Storage unit
c) Logic unit
d) Control unit
e) None of the above

4. The components that process data are located in thea) input devices
b) Output devices
c) System unit
d) Storage component
e) None of these

5. _____ cells involves creating a single cells by combining two or more selected cells.
a) formatting
b) Merging
c) Embedding
d) Splitting
e) None of these

6. Compiling creates a(n)
a) error-free program

b) program specification

c) subroutine

d) algorithm

e) executable program

7. A device that connects to a network without the use of cable is said to be

a) distributed

b) non-wired

c) centralized

d) open source

e) wireless

8. A program designed to destroy data on your computer which can travel to "infect" other computers is called a

a) disease

b) torpedo

c) hurricane

d) virus

e) infector

9. What happens when you boot up a PC?

a) Portions of the operating system are copied from disk into memory.

b) Portions of the operating system are copied from memory onto disk.

c) Portions of the operating system are compiled.

d) Portions of the operating system are emulated.

e) The PC gets switched off.

10. What is an e-mail attachment?

a) A receipt sent by the recipient.

b) A separate document from another program sent along with an e-mail.

c) A malicious parasite that feeds on your messages and destroys and contents.

d) A list of CC or BCC recipients.

e) A friend to whom e-mail is sent regularly.

11. You organise files by storing them in

a) archives

b) lists

c) indexes

d) folders

e) None of these

12. What type of computers are client computers (most of the time) in a clientserver system?
a) Mainframe
b) Mini-computer
c) Microcomputer
d) PDA
e) None of these

13. Removing and replacing devices without turning off your computer is referred to as
a) Hot swapping
b) Plug-n-Play
c) Bay swap
d) USB swapping
e) None of these.

14. To protect yourself from computer hacker intrusions you should install a
a) firewall
b) mailer
c) macro
d) script
e) None of these

15. To view information on the Web you must have a _____.
a) cable modem
b) Web browser
c) domain name server
d) hypertext viewer
e) None of these

16. The computers of second generation were characterized by the use of which of the following instead of vaccum tubes ?
(a) Silicon chip
(b) Transistors
(c) Both 1 & 2
(d) Integrated circuits
(e) None of these

17. The first transistorized computer was built at _____.
(a) Babylonia
(b) Bell labs
(c) University of Manchester

 (d) Germany
 (e) None of these
18. The computer's capability of distinguishing spoken words is called _____.
 (a) Voice analysis
 (b) Voice recognition
 (c) Speech acknowlegement
 (d) Speech interpretation
 (e) None of these

19. To access a mainframe or super computer, users often use a.
(a) Terminal
(b) Node
(c) Desktop
(d) Hand held
(e) None of these

20. A device for changing the connection on a connector to a different configuration is _____.
 (a) A converter
 (b) A component
 (c) An attachment
 (d) An adapter
 (e) None of these

21. CD and DVD drives are examples of _____.
(a) Coding media
(b) Printers
(c) Zip drives
(d) Storage devices
(e) None of these

22. The part of a computer that co-ordinates all its functions is called its _____.
(a) Rom program
(b) Control Unit
(c) System board
(d) Arithmetic logic unit
(e) None of these

23. Which of the following is not a telecommunication equipment ?
 (a) Modem
 (b) Fax Machine
 (c) Tele-printer
 (d) Hub
 (e) None of these

24. Computer networking devices are also called as _____.
 (a) Inter working unit
 (b) System equipment
 (c) Projectors
 (d) Software
 (e) None of these

25. ASCII stands for _____.
 (a) American special computer for Information Interaction
 (b) American standard computer for Information Interchange
 (c) American standard code for Information Interchange
 (d) American special code for Information Interaction
 (e) None of these