55.4/2

SET-III/ Group: Mechanical /201/

[SET-III]

	GROUP: ME	
Marks: 150)	Time: 2:30 hours
IOTE:	• • •	
i) Attem answe ii) There (D) ar	er will result in deduction of 1/4 marks. are 150 questions in this booklet. Against e	mark. There will be negative marking. Every wrong each question four alternative choices (A), (B), (C) and Indicate your choice of answer by Darkening the R answer sheet supplied to you separately.
	1 (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	
-	ENGLISH/GK/MENTAL APTITUDE]	6. Which of the following has won the
	Find the smallest number which when	 Which of the following has won the India's first ever auction of a gold
	divided by 25, 40 and 56 has in each	mine?
	case 13 as a remainder.	A Vedanta Ltd.
	(A) 1413 (B) 1400	(B) Anglo American
	(B) 1400 (C) 1439	(C) BHP Billiton
	(D) 1426	(D) Rio Tinto
	(0) 1420	
2.	The audible range of sound is:	7. Speak Up! I can't hear you because
	(A) 20 Hz to 20 MHz	your dog too much noise.
	(B) 20 Hz to 20 kHz	(A) has made
-	(C) 20 kHz to 20 MHz	(B# makes
	(D) 20 Hz to 2000 Hz	(C) is making
	(D) 20 H2 to 2000 H2	(D) made
2	The branch of science dealing with the	8. Humans apply knowledge of
3.	improvement of human race is :	genetics in prehistory with the
	(A) Genealogy	domestication and breeding of plants
		and animals.
	(B) Eugenics (C) Euphenics	(A) are beginning
		(B) began
	(D) Cloning	(C) will begin
	colout atta add from the group of	(D) begin
4.	Select the odd from the group of	
	letters:	9. Who among the following pioneered
	(A) IOU	Khilafat Movement?
	(B) AEI -	(A) Mahatama Gandhi
· · ·	(c) OUG	(B) M.A. Jinnah-
	(D) EOI	(C) Sir Syed Ahmed Khan
5.	Which of the following capital of the	. (D) Ali Brothers
	country is all set to become the	
	world's first city to have 5G NETWORK	10 The birth and death years of Dr. B. I
	by 2018?	Ambedkar are:
	(A) Russia	(A) 1889, 1961
		(B) 1886; 1951
	(B) Spain	(C) 1877, 1961
•	(Č) Canada	(D) 1891, 1956
	(D) Sweden	(-), 1004, 2000

- 11. Who proposed the Preamble before the drafting committee of the constitution?
 - (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru
 - (B) B.R. Ambedkar
 - (C) B.N. Rao -
 - (D) Mahatama Gandhi
- 12. Indian Economy is:
 - (A) Capitalistic Economy_
 - (B) Free Economy
 - (C) Mixed Economy
 - (D) Socialistic Economy
- 13. At one's wit's end
 - (A) Clear up
 - (B) Explain
 - (C) Enlighten
 - (D) Perplexed
- 14. Black and Blue
 - (A) To put things in order
 - (B) To beat very badly
 - (C) To put things in disorder
 - (D) To trust someone

15. Rahul said to me, " we are mortal".

- (A) Rahul said to me that we are mortal.
- (B) Rahul said to me that we all are mortal.
- (C) Rahul said to me that he and I are mortal.
- (D) Rahul says to me that we are mortal.
- 16. I said to her, " Could you please help me?"
 - (AF I requested her to help me.
 - (B) I asked her to help me.
 - (C) I told her if she can help.
 - (D) I asked her if she can help.
- 17. Delhi became the capital of India in:(A) 1913
 - (B) 1916
 - (C) 1911
 - (D) 1917
 - 100 C
- 18. Goa was captured by Portugese in:
 - (A) 1479 AD
 - (B) 1600 AD
 - (C) 1575 AD .
 - (D) 1510 AD

- SET-III/ Group: Mechanical /2017
- 19 studies ancient societies.
 - (A) Anthropology
 - (B) History
 - (C) Archaeology
 - (D) Ethnology
- 20. lam a
 - (Af Working hard
 - (B) Hard worker
 - (C) Hardly working
 - · (D) Works harder

[CHEMISTRY]

- 21. If N_A is Avogadro number then number of valance electrons in 4.2 gm og nitride ions (N³⁻) is
 - (A) 4.2 NA
 - (B) 2.4 NA
 - (C) 1.6 NA
 - (D) 3.2 NA
- 22. 60 gm of organic compound on analysis gave the following results: C = 24 gm; H = 4 gm and O = 32 gm. The empirical formula of the compound is
 - (A) CH₂O
 - (B) · CHO
 - (C) C₂H₂O
 - (D) C₂H₂O₂
- 23. The following equation is a completely balanced equation:
- 2Sn + 12HCl + 4HNO3 ---- 3SnCl2 + 8H2O + 4NO
 - In the above reaction, number of equivalents per formula weight of HNO₂ is
 - .(A) 3
 - (B) 4 (Ċ) 1
 - (D) 2

24. The oxidation state of S in H₂S₂O₈ is

- (A) + 10 (B) + 8 (C) + 6
- (D) +4
- 25. Aufbau principle does not give correct arrangement of filling up of atomic orbitals in
 (A) Cu and Zn
 (B) Co and Zn
 (C) Mn and Cr
 - (D) Cu and Cr

.-, .ou chu C

- The experimental value of dipole moment of HCl is 1.03 D. The length of 26. H-Cl bond is 1.275 Å. The percentage of ionic character in H-Cl is
 - (A) 7
 - (B) 17
 - (C) 43
 - (D) 21
- Which of the following statement 27. about covalent bond is NOT TRUE?
 - (A) The electrons are shared between atoms
 - (B) The bond is non-directional
 - (C) Bond strength depends upon the extent of overlapping
 - (D) Bond formed may or may not be polar

Which of the following have maximum 28. number of unpaired electrons?

- (A) Fe³⁺
- (B) Fe²⁺
- (C) Co2+
- (D) Co^{3*}
- The number of bonds in SO₂ is 29.
 - (A) two σ and 2 π
 - (B) two σ and 1π
 - (C) two σ and 2 π and 1 lone pair
 - (D) None of these
- The correct order of electron affinity 30. among the following is
 - (A) F > Cl > Br (B) Br > Cl > F (C) CI > F > Br (D) F > Br > Cl

Which of the following has correct 31. increasing basic strength (A) MgO < BeO < CaO < BaO (B) .BeO < MgO < CaO < BaO (C) BaO < CaO < MgO < BeO (D) CaO < BaO < BeO < MgO

Ionic radii will be maximum in which of 32. the following ions (A) C+ (B) N3-(C) 02-

(D) Mg

Which of the following will show 33. lowest degree of paramagnetism per mole of the compound at 298 K? (A) MnSO4 . 4 H2O (B) CuSO4. 5 H2O (C) FeSO4 . 6 H2O

- (D) NISO4 . 6 H2O
- [(CH₃)₃N] is Trimethylamine pyramidal molecule and foramide 34. [HCONH₂] is a planer molecule. The hybridization of Nitrogen in both is
 - (A) sp², sp³
 - (B) sp^3 , sp^2

(C) sp³, sp³

- (D) sp², sp
- de-Brogalie wavelength associated with a particle of mass 10⁻⁶ kg moving 35. with a velocity of 10 ms⁻¹ is
 - (A) 6.63 x 10⁻⁷ m
 - (B) -6.63 x 10⁻¹⁶ m
 - (C) 6.63 x 10⁻²¹ m
 - (D) 6.63 x 10⁻²⁹ m

[PHYSICS]

- When a mass is rotating in a plane 36. about a fixed point, its angular momentum is directed along
 - (A) The radius

37.

38.

5

- (B) The tangent to orbit
- (C) The axis of rotation
- (D) Line at an angle of 60° to the plane of rotation

A uniform sphere of mass 2 kg and radius 10 cm is released from rest on an inclined plane makes an angle of 30° with the horizontal, its angular acceleration and kinetic energy as it travels 2 m along the plane are,

- (A) 25 radians/cm² and 19.6 joules
- (B) 35 radians/cm² and 19.6 joules
- (C) 35 radians/cm² and 29.6 joules
- (D) 25 radians/cm² and 99.6 joules

The centre of mass of a system of particles of masses 1 kg, 2 kg and 3 kg, placed at the corners of an equilateral triangle of side 1.0 metre is,

- (A) $\frac{3.5}{6}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ (B) $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$ (C) $\frac{3.5}{8}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$
- (D) $\frac{3.5}{6}, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{7}$

39. The moment of inertia of a circular ring about its diameter is 100 gm cm², then the moment of inertia about an axis passing through its centre and normal to its plane is,

- (A) 300 gm cm²
- (B) 100 gm cm²
- (C) 200 gm cm²
- (D) 250 gm cm²

40. A particle is projected vertically upward from the ground at time t=0 and reaches a height h and t=T. The greatest height of the particle is,

(A)
$$\frac{(gT^2+6h)^2}{8T^2}$$

(B) $\frac{(gT^2+2h)^2}{2T^2}$
(C) $\frac{(gT^2+2h)^2}{8T^2}$
(D) $\frac{(gT^2+2h)^2}{8T^2}$

41.

Two bodies move in the same straight line at the same instant of time from the same origin. The first body moves with a constant velocity of 40 m/sec and second starts with a constant acceleration of 4 m/sec². The time that elapses before the second body catches the first body is,

- (A) 10 sec
- (B) 20 sec
- (C) 30 sec
- (D) 15 sec

42. A rope has a length of 12 m amd a mass of 16 kg. The rope hangs from a rigid support. A man whose mass is 80 kg slides down the rope at a constant speed of 0.8 m/sec. The tension in the rope at a point 6 m from the top when the man has slide to this point is, SET-III/ Group: Mechanical /2017

- (A) 762.4 N
- (B) 862.4 N
- (C) 726.2 N (D) 826.4 N
- 43. A body moving in a straight line with a constant acceleration 'a' loses ¾ of its initial velocity 'u'. The distance covered, by the body during this time is,
 - (A) 825 m
 - (B) 285 m
 - (C) 725 m
 - (D) 635 m
- 44. The average kinetic energy of a molecule of a perfect gas is,
 - (A) $\frac{2}{3}KT$
 - (B) 1.5 KT
 - (C) 2.5 KT
 - (D) 1.66 KT

45. The average translational kinetic energy of the molecule at 27° C is 13.6 x 10³ kg/m³. The number of molecules in 1 cm³ of an ideal gas at 27°C and a pressure of 10 mm of mercury is,

- (A) 3.2×10^{17}
- (B) 6.2×10^{17}
- (C) 1.2×10^{17} (D) 5.2×10^{12}
- The half-life of a Cobalt radio-isotope is
 5.3 years. The strength of this one millicurie after a period of one year will be,
 - (A) 1 milli-curie
 - (B) 0.77 milli-curie
 - (C) 0.87 milli-curie
 - (D) 0.62 milli-curie
 - When the number of nucleons in nuclei increases, the binding energy per nucleon
 - (A) Increases continuously with mass number
 - (B) Decreases continuously with mass number
 - (C) First decreases and then increases with increase in mass number First increases and then decreases with increase in mass number
 - (D) First increases and then decreases with increase in mass number

- 48. In photoelectric effect the electrons are not emitted by photosensitive material unless
 - (A) The wavelength of the incident light exceeds a certain minimum wavelength
 - (B) The frequency of the incident light exceeds a certain minimum frequency
 - (C) The velocity of the incident light exceeds a certain minimum velocity
 - (D) All the above
- 49. Light quanta with energy of 4.9 eV eject photoelectrons from metal with work function 4.5 eV. The maximum impulse transmitted to the surface of the metal when each electron flies out is,

(A) $3.45 \times 10^{-25} \text{ kg m/sec}$

- (B) $4.45 \times 10^{-25} \text{ kg m/sec}$
- (C) $2.45 \times 10^{-25} \text{ kg m/sec}$
- (D) $1.45 \times 10^{-25} \text{ kg m/sec}$
- 50. X-rays and gamma-rays are both electromagnetic waves. Which of the following statement is false?
 - (A) Velocity of X-rays and gamma-rays is equal to velocity of light
 - (B) X-rays have larger wavelength than that of gamma-rays
 - (C) X-rays have smaller wavelength than that of gamma-rays
 - (D) None of the above

[MATHEMATICS]

51. If $\sin \alpha$, $\cos \alpha$ are the roots of the equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, then (A) $a^2 + 2ac - b^2 = 0$. (B) $(a + c)^2 = (b^2 + c^2)^2$. (C) $a^2 - 2ac + b^2 = 0$. (D) None of these.

52. If ABCD is a square whose side length is a and AB and AD are axes, then equation of the circle circumscribing the square is given by

(A) x² + y² + ax + ay = a².
(B) x² + y² - ax - ay = 0.
(C) x² + y² + ax + ay = 0.
(D) None of these.

53. Which of the following functions is not derivable at x=0 but continuous at x=0?

(A)
$$f(x) =\begin{cases} x \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

(B) $f(x) =\begin{cases} \sin \frac{1}{x}, & x \neq 0 \\ 0, & x = 0 \end{cases}$
(C) $f(x) = x \sin x \times (0)$
(D)-None of these

- 54. The focus of the parabola $y = 2x^2 + x$ is
 - (A) (0,0)
 - (B) (1/2, 1/4)
 - (C) (-1/4, 0)
 - (D) None of these
- 55. If x_1, x_2, x_3 as well as y_1, y_2, y_3 are in G. P. with same common ratio, then the points (x_1, y_1) , (x_2, y_2) and (x_3, y_3) .

(A) are the vertices of a triangle.

- (B) lie on a straight line.
- (C) lie on a circle.
- (D) None of these

If the sum of first 2n terms of an A.P. 2,5,8,.....is equal to the sum of first n terms of the A.P. 57,59,61,....., then n equals

(A) 10

56.

- (B) 12
- (C) 11
- (D) 13

57. The equation formed by decreasing each root of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ by 1 is $x^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$, then

- (A) a = -b.
- (B) b = -c. (C) a = -c. (D) a + c = b

58. Let α, β be the roots of equation $x^2 - x + p = 0$ and γ, δ be the roots of equation $x^2 - 4x + q = 0$. If $\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta$ are in G.P., then the integral values of p and q are (A) -2, -32(B) -2, 3(C) -6, 3(D) -6, -32

equation solution of the 59. The $cos^2\theta + sin\theta + 1 = 0$ lies in the interval

- (A) $\left(-\frac{\pi}{4},\frac{\pi}{4}\right)$
- (B) $\left(\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$
- (C) $\left(\frac{3\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$
- (D) $\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}\right)$
- If the latus rectum of an ellipse is one 60. half of its minor axis, then its eccentricity is
 - (A) ½.
 - (B) 1/√2.
 - (C) √3/2.
 - (D) None of these

The triangle PQR is inscribed in the 61. circle $x^2 + y^2 = 25$. If Q and R have coordinates (3, 4) and (-4, 3), then ∠QPR is equal to

- (A) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- π 3 (B)
- $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (C)
- (D) None of these
- The normal at the point (1, 1) on the 62. curve $2y + x^2 = 3$ is
 - (A) x + y = 0y = 0(C) x + y + 1 = 0(In None of these
 - The function $f(x) = 2\cos x + x$ has a
 - maxima or minima at x=
 - (A) $\frac{\pi}{6}$

63.

- π_3 (B)
- (C) $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- (D) None of these
- The number of parallelograms that can 64. be formed from a set of four parallel lines intersecting another set of three parallel lines is

- (A) 6 (8) 9 (C) 12 (D) 18
- The derivative of $(sin^{-1}x + cos^{-1}x)$ 65. with respect to x is (A) -1
 - (B) O
 - (C) 1

2. (B)

(C)

Ø,

- (D) None of these
- The value of λ for which f(x) =66. $\int \lambda x^2 + 3x, x \le 2$ is continuous at x = 2 2x+6, x>2is (A) 0
- If $e^{x} + e^{y} = e^{x+y}$, then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ at (2, 2) 67. (A) 2 (B) 1 (C). -1 (D) e
- The solution x of the equation 68. $\int_2^x \frac{dt}{t\sqrt{t^2-1}} = \pi/2 \, \mathrm{is} \cdot$ (A) π (B) √3/2 (C) 2√2 (D) None.of these

 $\int_0^{\pi/2}$ √sinx $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin x} + \sqrt{\cos x}} dx$ equals 69. $\frac{\pi}{4}$ (A) (B) (Ċ) 0 (D) 1

 $\int_0^{10\pi} |\sin x| \, dx$ is equal to 70. (A) 20 (B) 8 (C) 10 ·

(D) None of these

71.

72.

73.

74.

is known as

(A) Open system

(B) Closed system

(A) Specified mass

(C) Closed system

(D) None of these

(A) Density

(B) Pressure (C) Temperature (D) All of these

(£) Homogeneous system

(D) Heterogeneous system

Control volume refers to a

(B) Fixed region in space

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- (A) 30 KJ
- (B) 54 KJ
 - (C) 84 KJ
 - (D) 114 KJ

Otto cycle consists of sets of processes 79. (A) Adiabatic and constant volume (B) Adiabatic and constant pressure

- (C) Isothermals and constant pressure
- (D) Isothermals and constant volume.

With decrease in cut off, the efficiency 80.

- of diesel cycle
 - (A) Increases
 - (B) Decreases
 - (C) Remains constant
 - (D) None of above

Match the list-I with list -II and select 81. correct answer using code given below

LIST-I			UST-II		
<u>م</u>	Work done in polytrophic process	1.	- Jvdp		
b.	Work done in steady flow process	2	zero		
c	Heat transfer in a reversible adiabatic prócess	3	p ₁ V ₁ -p ₂ V ₂ /γ - 1		
d	Work done in Tisentropic process	4	p ₁ V ₁ -p ₂ V ₂ /n - 1		

Г			Codes:			1
ł	· · ·	a	b	C	d.	
ł	AT	4	1	3	2	
ł	(B)	1	4	2	3.	
	(C)	4	1	2	3	
	(D)	1	2	3	4	

For a maximum specific output of a 87 constant volume cycle

(A) Working fluid should be air

- (B) Speed should be high
- Suction temperature should be (C) high
- (D) Temperature of working fluid at end of compression and expansion should be equal

A heat engine receives 100KW of heat at constant temperature of 285 degree centigrade and rejects 492 KW at 5°C , consider following thermodynamic cycles in this regard

1. Carnot cycle 2. Reversible cycle 3. Irreversible cycle

(A) Conversion of work into heat (B) Conversion of heat into work (C) Conservation of work

9

(D) Conservation of heat

Kelvin Planck's law deals with

[MECHANICAL ENGINEERING]

A system comprising of a single phase

Thermal equilibrium between two or

more bodies exists. When they are

brought together, there is no change in

Specific heat of a gas at Cp = C, at 75.

- (A) Absolute zero
- (B) Critical temperature.
- (C) Triple point
- (D) All of above
- Isentropic flow is 76.
 - (A) Reversible adiabatic flow
 - (B) Irreversible adiabatic flow
 - (C) Frictionless fluid flow
 - (D) None of above

In a .reversible isothermal process 77. undergoes by an ideal gas

- (A) Heat transfer is zero
- (B) Change in internal energy is zero.
- (C) Work transfer is zero

Heat transfer is equal to work transfer

A mixture of gases expands from 0.03 78 m³ at constant pressure of 1 MPa and absorbs 84 KJ of heat during process. The change in internal energy of mixture is

	· Codes:					
		a	b	C	d	
	IAT	4	1	3	2	
•	(B)	1	4	2	3.	
	10/		1.	17	13	

- (A) 1
- (B) 3
- (C) 1 and 2
- (D) 1,2 and 3
- 84. Which of following cycle is more efficient for same max pressure and heat_input
 - TA) Otto cycle
 - (B) Dual combustion cycle
 - (C) Diesel cycle
 - (D) Rankine cycle
- Heat absorbed or rejected during polytrophic process is equal to
 - (A) (γ-n/n-1) x work done
 - (B) (γ-n/n-1)² x work done
 - (C) $(\gamma n/n 1)^{1/2} x$ work done
 - (D) $(\gamma-n/\gamma-1) \times \text{work done}$
- 86. Which one is not a mechanical property of material?
 (A) hardness
 - (B) Poisson ratio
 - (C) Endurance limit
 - (D) Yield strength
- 87. A body of mass 10 kg moving with a velocity of 1m/s is acted upon by a force of 50 N for 2 seconds, the final velocity will be
 - (A) 22m/s
 - (B) 10m/s
 - (C) 50m/s
 - (D) 11m/s
- 88. Two blocks with mass M and m are in contact with each other and are resting on a horizontal frictionless floor. When horizontal force is applied to heavier block, the block accelerates to right. The force between two block is
 - (A) (M+m) F/m
 - (B) MF/m
 - (C) .mF/M

89.

- (D) mF (M+m)
- A ball impinges directly upon another ball at rest and itself comes to rest due to impact.alf half of the kinetic energy is destroyed in collision, the coefficient of restitution will be

- (A) 1 · (B) 0.5
- (C) 0.25
- (D) 0.35
- 90. If the distance between center of gravity of masses, M₁ & M₂ is L then distance of CG of composite system from mass M₁ will be

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- (A) M1L/M1+M2
- (B) M2L/M1+M2
- (C) $(M_1 M_2) L/ (M_1 + M_2)$
- (D) $M_1/(M_1 + M_2) L$
- Ratio of moment of inertia of circle and that of square having same area about their centriodal axis is
 - (A) 3/π
 - (B) 3/2π
 - (C) 4/π
 - (D) 5/4π
- 92. Two bodies of mass M and m are moving in concentric orbits of radii R and r such that their periods are same. The ratio between their angular velocity is
 - (A) R:r
 - (B) mR : Mr (C) 1:1
 - (D) R/r:m/M
- 93. The maximum bending moment for simply supported beam carrying a uniformly distributed which varies from zero at each end to w per unit length at mid span is given by (A) wl²/8
 - (B) wl 3/12
 - (C) w12/12
 - (D) w1²/24
- 94. Two shafts A and B are made of same material. The diameter of shaft B is twice that of A. the ratio of power which can be transmitted by shaft A to that of shaft B is
 - (A) .1/2
 - (B) ¼
 - (C) 1/8 (D) 1/16
 - (0)

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95. The buckling load in a steel column is (A) Related to length

- (B) Directly proportional to slenderness ratio
- (C) Inversely proportional to slenderness ratio
- (D) No relation to slenderness ratio
- 96. If the value of Poisson ratio is zero then it means
 - (A) Material is rigid

1

- (B) Material is perfectly plastic
- (C) There is no longitudinal strain in material
- (D) None of these.
- 97. A shaft subjected to maximum bending stress of 80 MPa and max shear stress is 30 MPa at a particular section. If yield point in tension of material is 280 MPa and maximum shear stress theory of failure is used the factor of safety will be
 - TA) 2.5
 - (B) 2.8
 - (C) 3.0
 - (D) 3.5

98.. Design of shaft made of brittle material is based upon Guest Theory

- (A) Rankine theory
- (B) St Venents theory
- (C) Von Misses theory
- (D) Guests theory
- 99. Three beams have lengths, bending moments and allowable stresses. The cross section of beams is square, rectangle with depth twice the width and a circle. The ratio of weight of

square beam to weight of rectangular

- beam is
- (A) 0.859
- (B) 0.95
- (C) 0.756
- ·(D) 1,259
- 100. A steel rod 2m long is heated through a temp of 100 °C. the coefficient of linear expansion is α = 6.6 x 10⁻⁶/°C and E = 2x10⁶ N/m².the increase in length will be
 (A) 1.3 x 10⁻³ m

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- (B) 1.0 x 10⁻³ m (C) 1.2 x 10⁻³ m
- (D) · 1.4 x 10 -3 m
- 0) 1.4×10
- 101. The normal stress at a point are $\sigma_x = 10$ MPa, $\sigma_y = 2$ MPa and shear stress 4MPa. The maximum principal stress at this point is
 - (A) 16 MPa
 - (B) 14 MPa
 - (C) 11 MPa
 - (D) 106 MPa
- 102. The piezo metric head is expressed by
 - (A) γZ+P
 - (B) Z + P / Y
 - (C) gZ+P/p
 - (D) $\rho Z + P/g$
- 103. Mercury is used in manometers for measuring
 - (A) Low pressure accurately
 - (B) Large pressure only
 - (C) All pressure except smaller uses
 - (D) Very low pressure
- 104. Absolute pressure is measured by
 - (A) Bourdon gauge
 - (B). Aneroid barometer
 - (C) Vacuum gage
 - (B) manometer
- 105. Absolute pressure in a flow system
 - (A) Is always above local atmospheric pressure
 - (B) Is a vacuum pressure
 - (C) may be above or equal to local
 - atmospheric pressure
 - (D) Is also called negative pressure
- 106. The point though which the resultant
- hydrostatic force act is called
 - (A) Metacentre
 - (B) Centre of pressure
 - (C) Centre of buoyancy
 - (D) Centre of gravity
- 107. Force on horizontal plane surface within liquid is
 - (A) F = wh
 - (B) F = PA
 - (C) F = 0

· (D) F=pgAh

- 108. The line of action of buoyant force acts through
 - (A) CG of any submerged body
 - (B) Centroid of volume of any floating body
 - (C) Centroid of displaced volume of fluid
 - (D) Centroid of horizontal projection of body

109. A body floats in stable equilibrium

(A) when metacentric height is zero

- (B) when CG is below centre of buoyancy
- (C) when meta centre is above CG
- (D) none of above
- 110. For a Newtonian fluid shear stress is proportional to
 - (A) Density gradient
 - (B) Velocity gradient
 - (C) Pressure gradient
 - (D) None of above
- 111. Falling drop of rain acquires spherical shape because of
 - (A) Vapour pressure
 - (B) Surface tension
 - (C) Viscosity tension
 - (D) Compressibility
- 112. Sensitiveness of a ordinary U-Tube manometer is measured by
 - (A) Changing fluid having higher density
 - (B) Increasing temperature of environment
 - (C) Setting it inclined
 - (D) Coloring of fluid
- 113. A vertical triangular area of altitude h has one side in free surface of a liquid. Its vertex is downward. The depth of its pressure is
 - (A) h/3
 - (B) 0.5 h
 - (C) 0.75 h
 - (D) 0.8 h
- 114. The point on immersed body through which resultant pressure of liquid acts is called
 - IA Centre of gravity
 - (B) Centre of pressure
 - Centre of buoyancy (C)
 - (D) Metacenter

- 115. The ratio of width of a rectangular key to diameter of a shaft on which key is fitted is
 - (A) 1/4
 - +B) 4
 - (C) 1/2
 - (D) 1/8
- 116. Which of following key transmit power through frictional resistance only?
 - (A) Round key
 - (B) Square key
 - (C) Taper key
 - (D) Saddle key
- 117. A shaft used for distribution of power is called
 - (A) Line shaft
 - (B) Jack shaft
 - (C) Axle
 - (D) Counter shaft
- 118. The approximate efficiency of a single riveted lap joint is of the order of
 - (A) 30 %
 - (B) 50 %
 - 10 80%
 - 40%
- 119. Heat treatment involving heating of steel above critical temperature and then cooling in air is called
 - (A) Austempering
 - (B) Tempering
 - (C) · Annealing
 - (D) Normalizing
- 120. Pig iron is produced by reduction of iron ore in a
 - Blast furnace
 - (B) · Cupola
 - (C) Open hearth furnace (D) None of these
- 121. Bearing material should have (A) High hardness
 - (B) Hard core :
 - (C) High tensile strength
 - (D) High compressive strength
- 122. The property by which an amount of energy is absorbed bay material without plastic deformation is called

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- (A) Ductility
- (B) Toughness
- (C) Impact strength
- (D) Resilience
- 123. Arc blow is more pronounced in
 - (A) AC welding with bare electrode
 - (B) DC welding with bare electrode
 - (C) AC welding
 - (D) Dc welding with reverse polarity
- 124. In manual metal arc welding (SMAW) the power source should have dropping characteristics in order to maintain
 - (A) Constant temperature in arc
 - (B) Constant voltage when arc length change
 - (C) Constant current when arc length change
 - (D) Weld pool red hot
- 125. Oxyacetylene reducing flame is used for welding on
 - (A) Mild steel
 - (B) Grey cast iron
 - (C) High carbon steel
 - (D) Alloy steel
- 126. The phenomenon of weld decay occurs
 - in
 - (A) Cast iron (B) Brass

 - (C) Bronze (D) Stainless steel
- 127. The temperature produced in oxy hydrogen flame as compared to oxy acetylene flame is
 - (A) Same
 - (B) More
 - (C) Less
 - (D) 'None of above
- 128. Narrow groove can be produced on a work pieces by a milling operation is called
 - (A) End milling
 - (B) Helical milling
 - (C) Saw milling
 - (D) Face milling

- 129. Gang milling is a
 - · (A) Milling operation combined with turning
 - (B) Process of gear cutting
 - (C) Process using two or more cutter simultaneously
 - (D) Process of generating hexagonal surface
- 130. Of a flat drill varies/relief, cutting edge angle is
 - (A) 3-8 degree
 - (B) 90-118 degree
 - (C) 70-90 degree
 - (D) 45-60 degree
- 131. Which one is not a part of shaper machine?
 - (A) Ram
 - (B) Tool head
 - (C) Clapper box
 - (D) Compound slide
- Single point thread cutting tool should 132.
 - ideally have
 - (A) Positive rake
 - (B) Negative rake
 - (C) Zero rake
 - (D) Normal rake
- Which one of the following material is 133. the hardest cutting tool material next to diamond?
 - (A) Cemented carbide
 - (B) Silicon .
 - (C) Ceramics
 - (D) Cubic boron nitride
- 134. For cutting brass with single point cutting tool on a lathe machine, the tool should have
 - (A) Zero side relief angle
 - (B) Positive rake angle
 - (C) Zero rake angle
 - (D) Negative rakę angle
- 135. In arc welding process intense heat is developed between electrode and work piece due to
 - (A) High voltage
 - (B) High current
 - .(C) Time of current flow
 - (D) Contact resistance

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136. A turret lathe is useful for

- (A) Small scale production
- (B) Medium scale production
- (C) Large scale production
- (D) None of above
- 137. Sintering temperature is approximately equal to
 - (A) 25% of the melting temperature
 - (B) 50% of the melting temperature
 - (C) 75% of the melting temperature
 - (D) 100% of the melting temperature

138. Powder metallurgy uses

- (A) Pressure
- (B) Heat
- (C) Pressure & heat both
- (D) No pressure

139. Hybrid layout is

- (A) combination of product layout & fixed layout
- combination of process layout & (B) fixed layout
- combination of product layout & (C) process layout
- (D) None of above

140. Inventory cost includes

- (A) Purchase cost and storage cost
- (B) Purchase cost
- (C) Order cost and storage cost
- (D) Purchase cost, storage cost and order cost
- 141. Total cost curve is
 - (A) S-shaped
 - (B) O-shaped
 - (C) L-shaped
 - (D) U-shaped
- 142. Which of following material requires least shrinkage allowance?
 - (A) Grey Cl
 - Aluminum (B)
 - Steel (C)
 - (D) Brass
- 143. Metal pattern are cast from
 - (A) Plastic pattern
 - (B) Wax pattern
 - (C) Wooden pattern
 - (D) Plaster pattern

144. A Muller is used to

- (A) Wet molding sand
- (B) Mix molding sand
- (C) Ram molding sand
- (D) Dry molding sand
- 145. Expendable molds are made of
 - (A) Plaster of Paris
 - (B) Sand
 - (C) Ceramics
 - (D) All of above
- 146. Surface hardening is used for
 - (A) Cast-iron
 - (B) High carbon steel
 - (C) Low carbon steel
 - (D) None of above
- 147. Inserts are made up of
 - (A) HSS
 - (B) High carbon steel
 - (C) Cemented carbide
 - (D) Stellites
- 148. CBN tools withstand can temperature of about
 - (A) 5000°C
 - (B) 4000°C
 - (C) 2500°C
 - (D) 2000°C

149. Face sand used in foundry work consist

- of
- (A) Silica & clay
- (B) Clay & alumina
- (C) Silica & alumina (D) Clay & dust

150. The ratio between . the pattern shrinkage, allowance of steel & cast iron is about

- (A) 1:1
- (B) 2:1
- (C) 1:2
- (D) 1:1.5

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