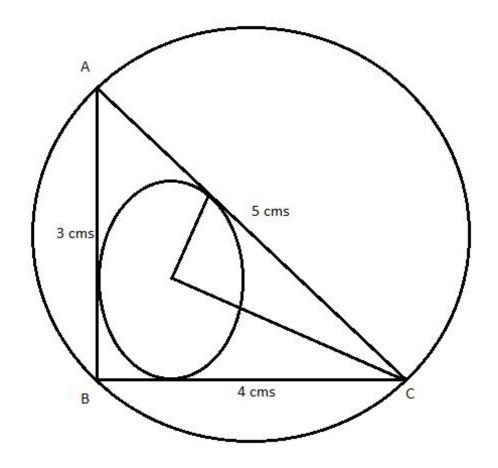
# Quantitative Aptitude Question & Answers

1. Let C1 and C2 be the inscribed and circumscribed circles of a triangle with sides3cm, 4cm
and 5cm then find the ratio between the areas of C1 and C2 is
a) 9 /16
b) 9 / 25
c) 4 / 25
d) 16 / 25
Ans. c.
<b>Explanation</b> : Since, sides are 3, 4, and 5 cms. Therefore, triangle will be a right-angled triangle.
The radius of the inscribed circle C1= $(3 + 4 - 5)/2 = 1$ cms.
The radius of the circumscribed circle $C2=5/2=2.5$ cms. (because in this case, the hypotenuse will be the diameter of the circumscribed circle.

Area C1/ Area C2 =  $pi^* (1)^2/pi^*(2.5)^2 = 100/625 = 4/25$ ;



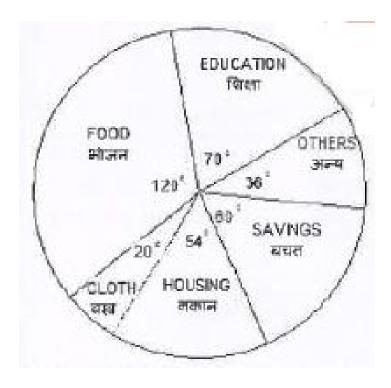
2. If  $x = 1/(\sqrt{2} + 1)$ ; then (x + 1) equals to ?

- a) 2
- b) √2-1
- c) √2+1
- d) √2

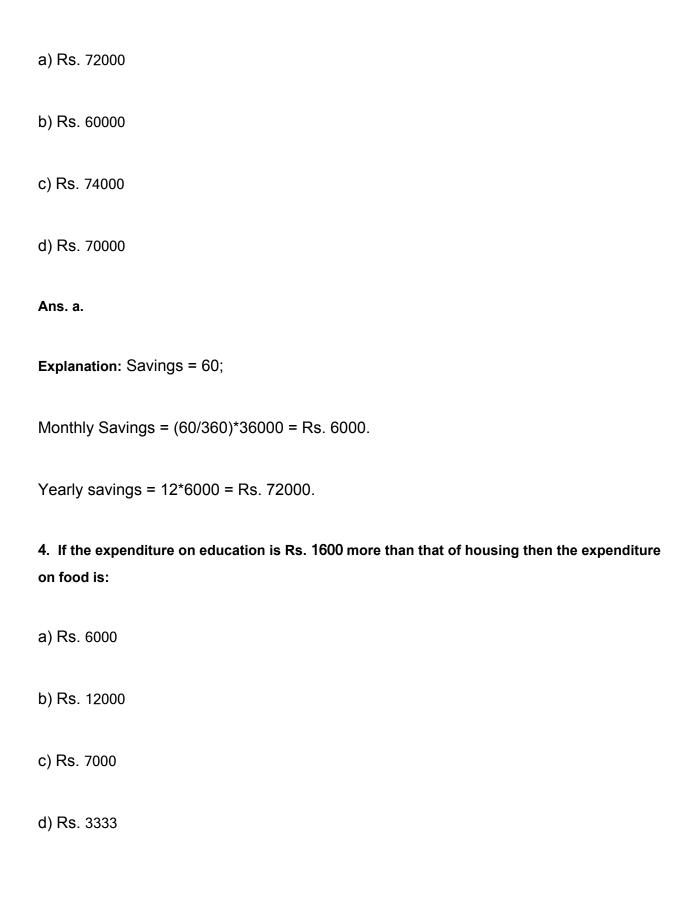
## **Explanation:**

$$x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} + 1}; \Rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{2} - 1}{(\sqrt{2} + 1)(\sqrt{2} - 1)} = \sqrt{2} - 1$$
$$x + 1 = \sqrt{2} - 1 + 1 = \sqrt{2};$$

**Directions/ In Question nos. / 3 to 5**, The pie-chart given here shows expenditure incurred by a family on various items and their savings. Study the chart and answer the questions based on the pie-chart.



3. If the monthly income is Rs. 36000 then the yearly savings is:



#### Ans. b.

**Explanation**: Expenditure on education= 70

Expenditure on housing = 54

Difference between expenditure on education and housing = 70 - 54 = 16;

Monthly expenditure on education= (16/360)\* Monthly income;

Monthly income = (1600 \*360)/16 = Rs. 36000

Hence, the expenditure of food = (120\*36000)/360 = 12000;

# 5. The ratio of expenditure on food to savings is:

- a) 2:1
- b) 3:1
- c) 3 : 2
- d) 10:9

#### Ans. a.

Explanation: The required ratio = 120/60 = 2: 1;

- 6. The average marks obtained by a student in 6 subjects is 88. On subsequent verification it was found that the marks obtained by him in a subject was wrongly copied as 86 instead of 68. The correct average of the marks obtained by him is-
- a) 85
- b) 87
- c) 84
- d) 86

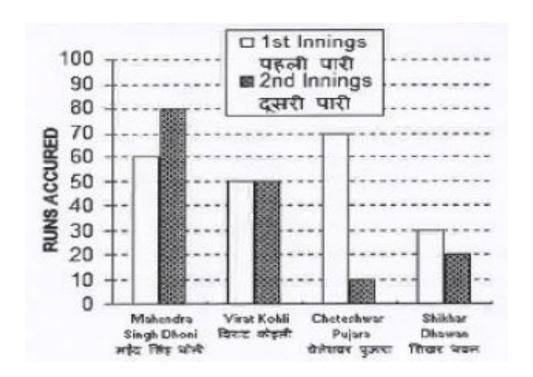
Ans. a.

**Explanation:** Suppose, these 6 subjects are S1, S2, S3,...., S6;

The actual sum of marks in all subjects = 528 -86 + 68 = 510;

Hence, the correct average marks = 510/6 = 85;

**Directions / In Question nos. / 7 to 10,** Given here a multiple bar diagram of the scores of four players in two innings. Study the diagram and answer the questions.



## 7. The average run of two Innings of the player who scored highest in average is:

- a) 75
- b) 85
- c) 80
- d) 70

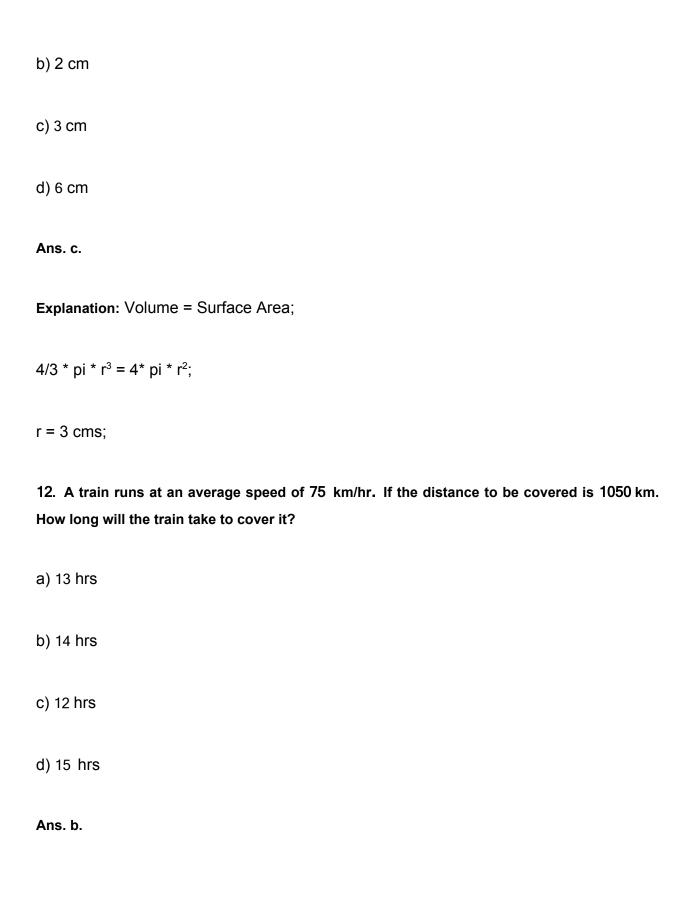
#### Ans. d.

**Explanation**: From the figure, it can be seen lucidly that Mahendra Singh Dhoni has scored the maximum runs. Hence,

The average runs scored by MS Dhoni = (60 + 80)/2 = 70.

8. The average run in two innings of the player who has scored minimum at the second
innings is:
a) 50
b) 60
c) 40
d) 30
Ans. c.
<b>Explanation</b> : Cheteshwar Pujara scored the lowest marks in the second innings.
Hence, the average runs scored by him = $(70 + 10)/2 = 40$ .
9. The average score in second innings contributed by the four players is:
3. The average score in second innings contributed by the four players is.
a) 30
b) 60
c) 40

d) 50
Ans. c.
<b>Explanation</b> : Average run scored by all four player in second inning = $(80 + 50 + 10 + 20)/4 = 40$
1. The total scores in the first innings contributed by the four players is:
a) 220
b) 200
c) 210
d) 190
Ans. c.
<b>Explanation</b> : The total scores in the first innings by all four players = $(60 + 50 + 70 + 30)$ = 210;
11. If the volume of a sphere is numerically equal to its surface area that its diameter is;
a) 4cm



**Explanation:** The time taken by train = Covered distance/ Average Speed;

$$= 1050/75 = 14 \text{ hrs.}$$

13. G is the centroid of  $\triangle$ ABC. The medians AD and BE intersect at right angles. If the lengths of AD and BE are 9 cm and 12 cm respectively; then the length of AB (in cm) is?

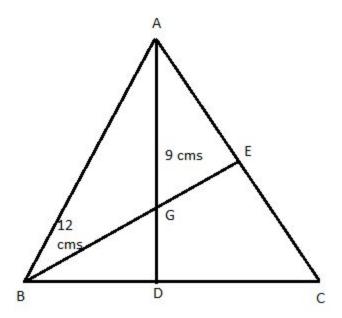
- a) 10
- b) 10.5
- c) 9.5
- d) 11

Ans. a.

**Explanation**: Centroid divides the medians in 2: 1 and median intersects at centroid forming 90 degrees of angle. Hence,

BG = 
$$(2/3)$$
 \* 12 = 8 cms; AG =  $(2/3)$ \*9 = 6 cms.

AB = 
$$\sqrt{(8)^2+(6)^2}$$
 = 10 cms;



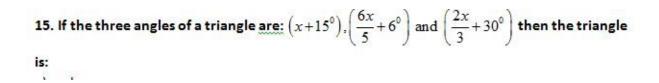
# 14. The minimum value of $2\sin^2\theta + 3\cos^2\theta$ is

- a) 1
- b) 3
- c) 2
- d) 4

## Ans. c.

# **Explanation:**

$$2\sin^2\theta + 3\cos^2\theta = 2*(\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta) + \cos^2\theta = 2 + 0 = 2;$$



- a) scalene
- b) isosceles
- c) right angled
- d) equilateral

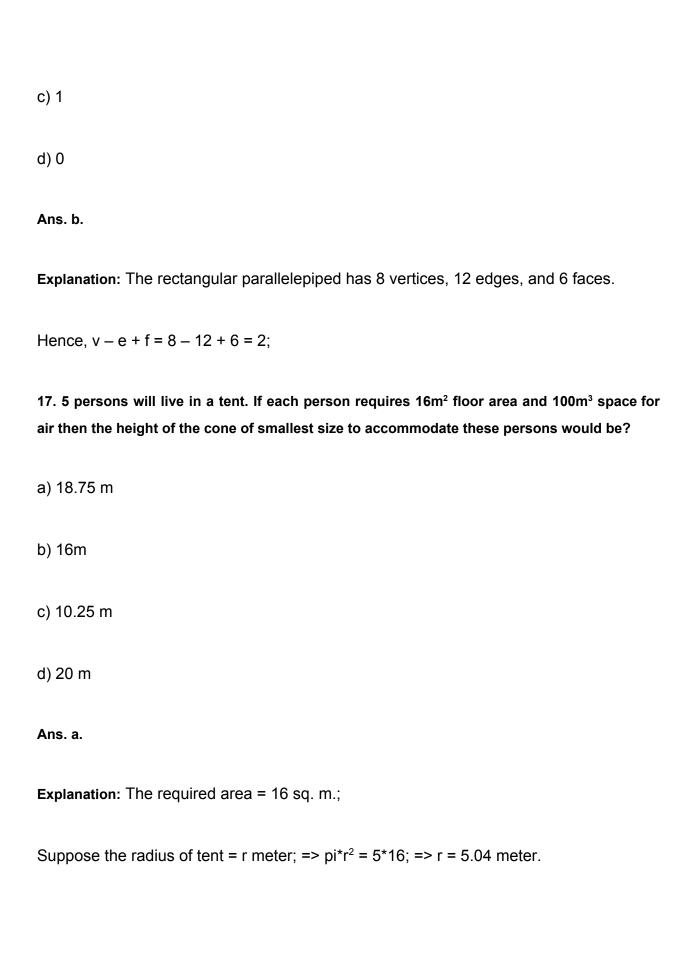
**Explanation**: 
$$(x + 15) + (6x/5 + 6) + (2x/3 + 30) = 180$$
;

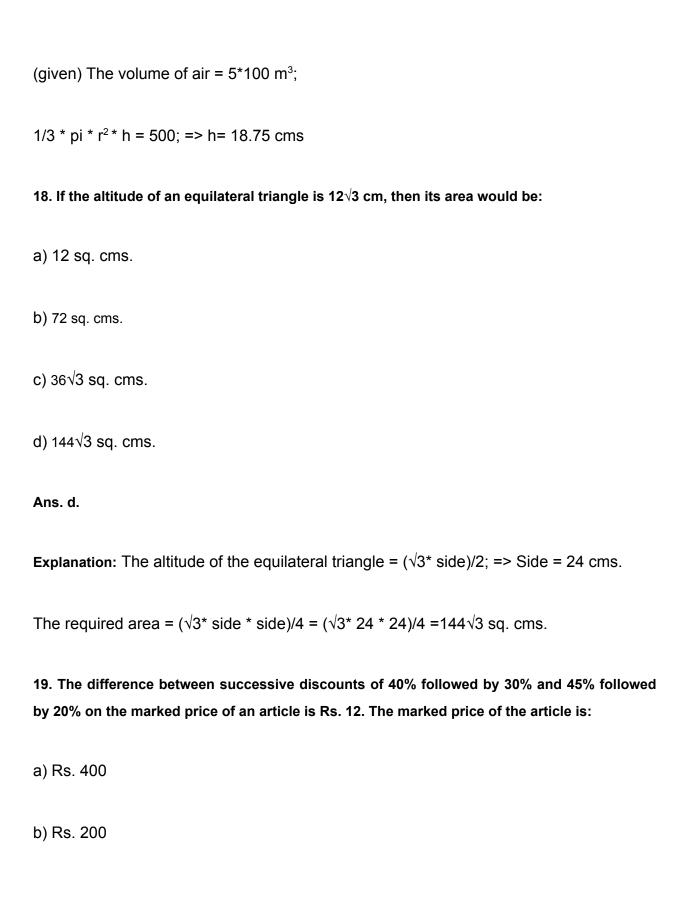
$$43x/15 = 129$$
; =>  $x = 45$ ;

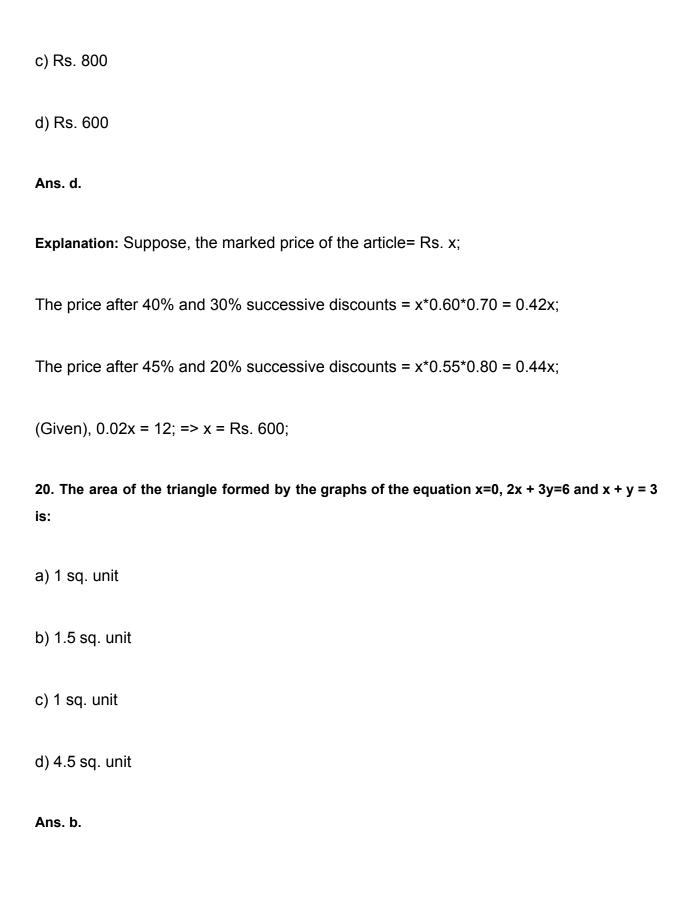
Hence, Every angle of the triangle will be 60 degrees.

16. If number of Vertices: edges and faces of a rectangular parallelopied are denoted by v, e and f respectively, the value of (v - e + f) is

- a) 4
- b) 2

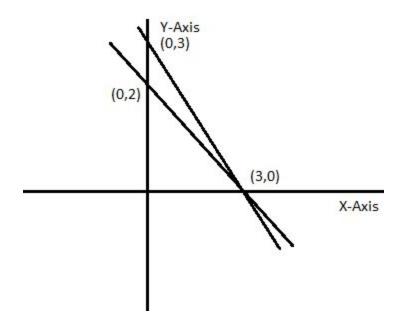






**Explanation**: The area of triangle = (1/2) \* base \* height;

$$= (1/2) *1 * 3 = 1.5 cms;$$



21. Among the equations x + 2y + 9 = 0; 5x - 4 = 0; 2y - 13 = 0; 2x - 3y = 0, the equation of the straight line passing through origin is-

a) 
$$2x - 3y = 0$$

b) 
$$5x - 4 = 0$$

c) 
$$x + 2y + 9 = 0$$

d) 
$$2y - 13 = 0$$

#### Ans.

**Explanation**: x + 2y + 9 = 0; (this line will intersect both the axes)

5x - 4 = 0; (This line will be parallel to Y-axis)

2y - 13 = 0; (This line will be parallel to X-axis)

2x - 3y = 0; (This line will pass through the origin)

22. The HCF of  $x^8 - 1$  and  $x^4 + 2x^3 - 2x - 1$  is:

a) 
$$x^2 + 1$$

b) 
$$x + 1$$

c) 
$$x^2 - 1$$

d) 
$$x - 1$$

Ans. c.

**Explanation**: 
$$x^2 - 1 = (x + 1)^*(x-1)$$
; =>  $x = -1, 1$ ;

Both the values of x will satisfy the other equation;

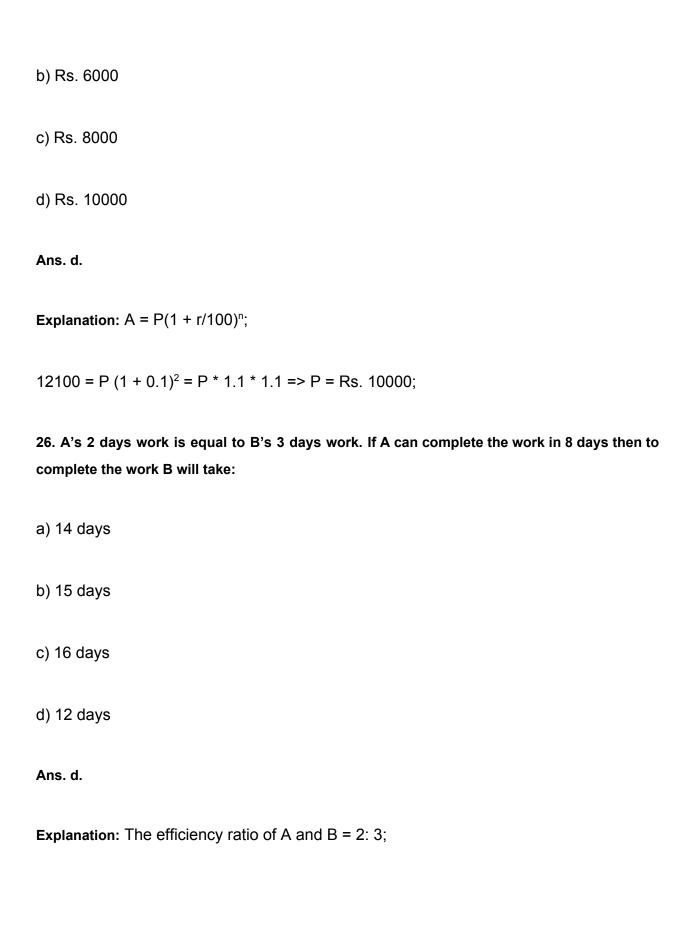
d) 24

Ans. a.

Explanation: ROQ = 90 + P/2; => P = 12 degrees;



- 25. A certain sum will amount to Rs. 12,100 in 2 years at 10% per annum of compound interest, interest being compounded annually. The sum is-
- a) Rs. 12000



2: 3 = 8: x; => x = 12 da	ıys;
27. If the measure of thre	e an

27. If the measure of three angles of a triangle are in the ratio 2 : 3: 5, then the triangle is:

- a) equilateral
- b) isosceles
- c) Obtuse angled
- d) right angled

### Ans. d.

**Explanation:** 
$$2x + 3x + 5x = 180$$
; =>  $x = 18$ ;

Hence, these angles will be respectively- 36, 54, and 90.

Therefore, the triangle will be right-angled.

28. What must be added to each term of the ratio 2:5. so that it may equal to 5:6?

- a) 12
- b) 78

c) 65
d) 13
Ans. d.
<b>Explanation:</b> $(2 + x)/(5 + x) = 5/6$ ;
12 + 6x = 25 + 5x; => $x = 13$ ;
29. If the sum and difference of two angles are 22/9 radian and 36 respectively, then the value of smaller angle in degree taking the value of $\pi$ as 22/7 is:
a) 60
b) 48
c) 52
d) 56
Ans.
Explanation:
30. 4 men and 6 women complete a work in 8 days, 2 men and 9 women also complete in 8 days. The number of days 18 women complete the work is:

- a) 4 2/3 days
- b) 5 2/3 days
- c) 4 1/3 days
- d) 5 1/3 days

**Explanation**: (4m + 6w)\*8 = (2m + 9w)\*8;

2m = 3w;

As per the given condition,

$$18w^* d = (4m + 6w)^*8;$$

Put the values of m in the above equation-

$$18*w*d = (6w + 6w)*8;$$

$$d= 12*8*w/18*w = 16/3 days.$$

31. If  $(x^{24} + 1) / x^{12} = 7$ ; then the value of  $(x^{72} + 1) / x^{36}$  is-

- a) 432
- b) 433
- c) 343
- d) 322

**Explanation:** 

$$(x)^{12} + (1/x^{12}) = 7;$$

Taking cubes of both sides-

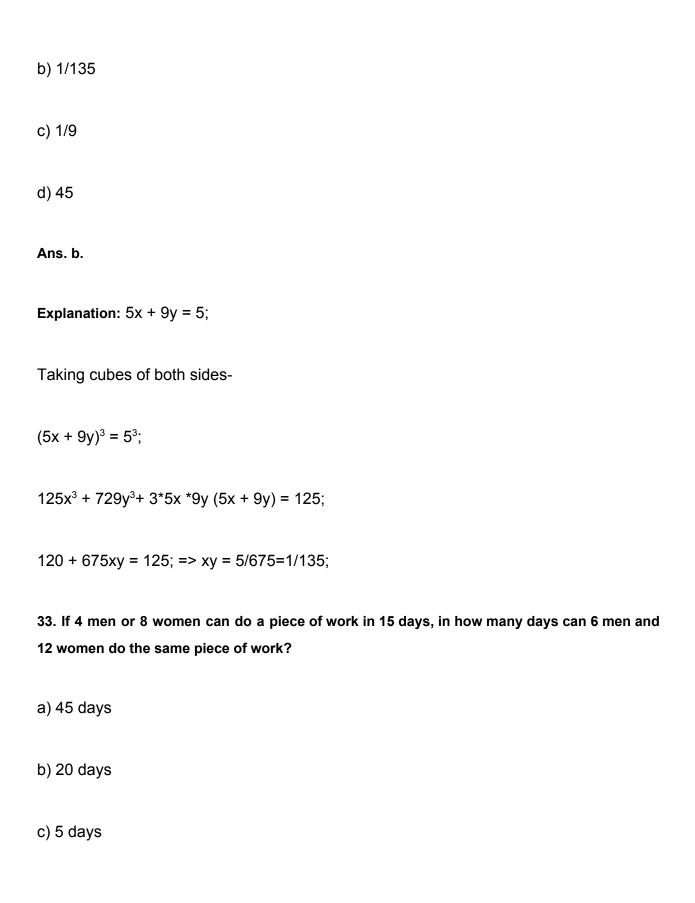
$$[x^{12} + (1/x^{12})]^3 = 343;$$

$$(x)^{36} + (1/x^{36}) + 3*x^{12*} (1/x^{12})[(x)^{12} + (1/x^{12})] = 343;$$

$$(x)^{36} + (1/x^{36}) = 343 - 3*7 = 322;$$

32. If 5x + 9y = 5 and  $125x^3 + 729y^3 = 120$ , then the product of x and y is-

a) 135



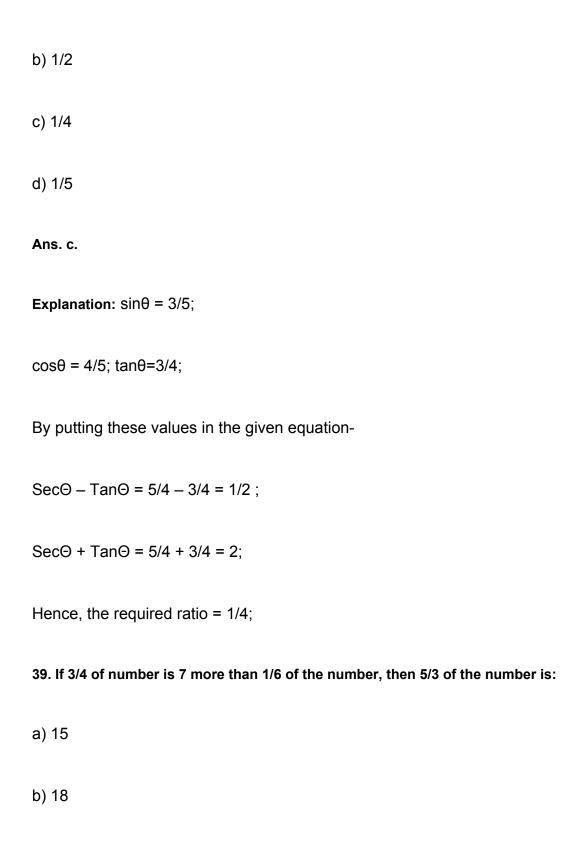
d) 30 days
Ans. c.
<b>Explanation</b> : 4*m*15 = 8*w*15; => m = 2w;
(6*m + 12*w)*d = 4*m*15;
D = 60*m / 12*m = 5 days.
34. The value of Sin <sup>2</sup> 22 + Sin <sup>2</sup> 68 + Cot <sup>2</sup> 30 is
a) 3/4
b) 4
c) 5/4
d) 3
Ans. b.
Explanation:

 $Sin^2 22 + Sin^2 68 + Cot^2 30 = Sin^2 22 + Sin^2 (90 - 22) + Cot^2 30 = Sin^2 22 + Cos^2 22 + 3$ 

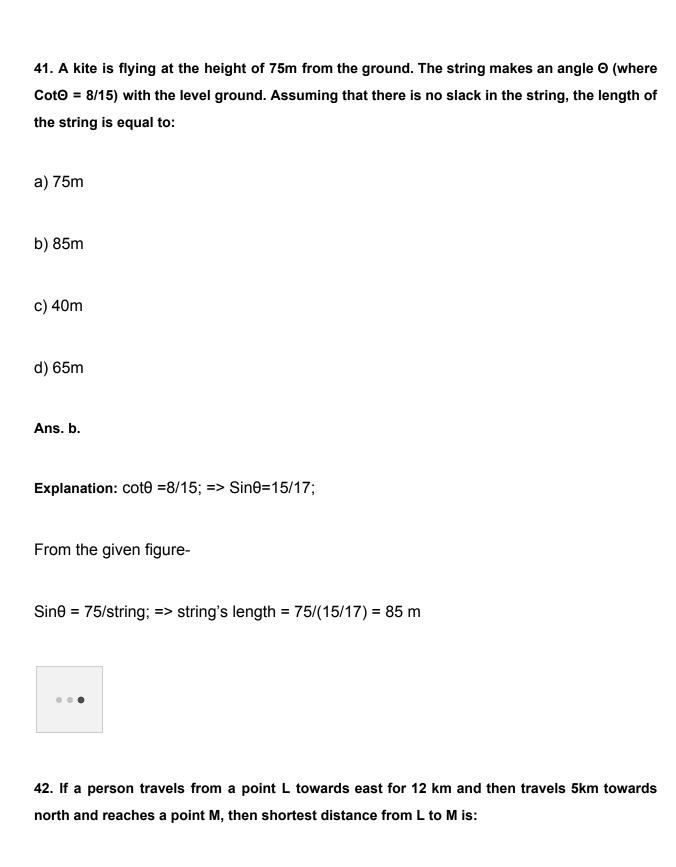
=4;

35. Find a simple discount equivalent to a discount series of 10%, 20% and 25%
a) 45%
b) 55%
c) 52%
d) 46%
Ans. d.
<b>Explanation</b> : The amount after successive discounts on a price = $x * 0.9*0.8*0.75 = 0.54x$ ;
Hence, the simple discount will be equivalent = 46%.
36. If $\Theta$ be acute angle and tan (4 $\Theta$ - 50) = cot(50 - $\Theta$ ), then the value of $\Theta$ in degrees is:
a) 30
b) 40
c) 20
d) 50

Ans. a.
Explanation:
$tan(4\theta -50) = tan(90 - 50 + \theta);$
$4\theta$ -50 = 40 + $\theta$ ; => $\theta$ = 30;
37. Cost price of 100 books is equal to the selling price of 60 books. The gain or loss percentage will be: https://www.freshersnow.com/previous-year-question-papers/
a) 66 2/3%
b) 66 ¼%
c) 66%
d) 66 ¾%
Ans.
Explanation:
38. If 5SinΘ = 3, the numerical value of (SecΘ – TanΘ) / (SecΘ + TanΘ)
a) 1/3



c) 12
d) 20
Ans. d.
<b>Explanation</b> : ¾ * $x = x/6 + 7$ ; => $x = 12$ ;
Hence, the required answer = 5/3 * 12 = 20;
40. What is the arithmetic mean of first 20 odd natural numbers?
a) 17
b) 19
c) 22
d) 20
Ans. d.
<b>Explanation:</b> Sum of first 20 odd numbers = $10*[2*1 + 19*2] = 400$ ;
Hence, the arithmetic mean = 400/20 = 20;

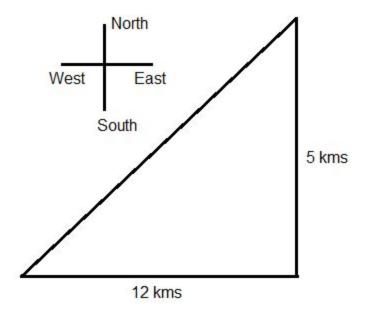


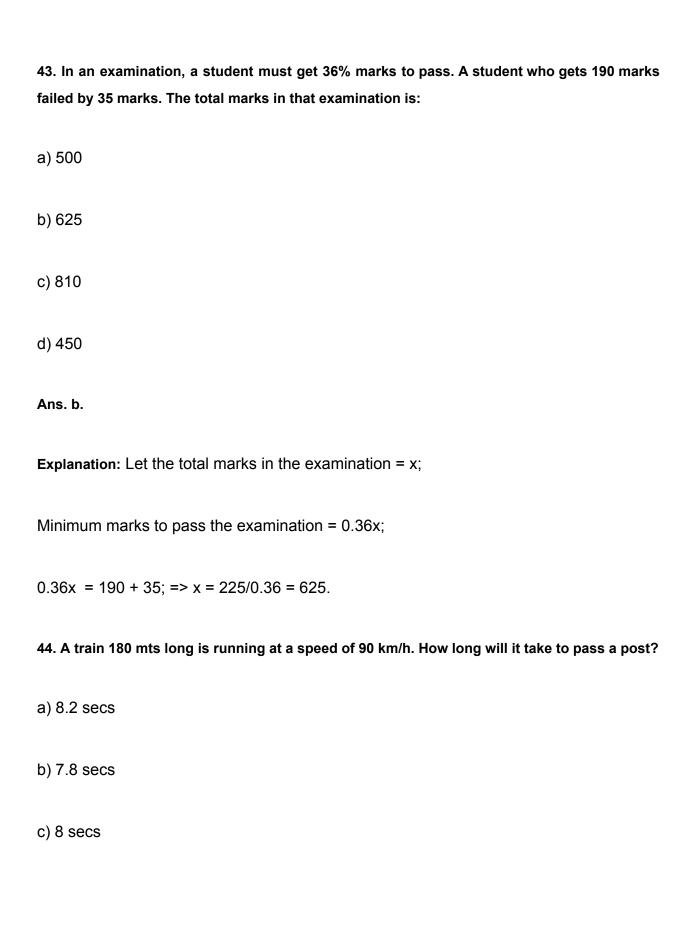
- a) 14
- b) 12
- c) 17
- d) 13

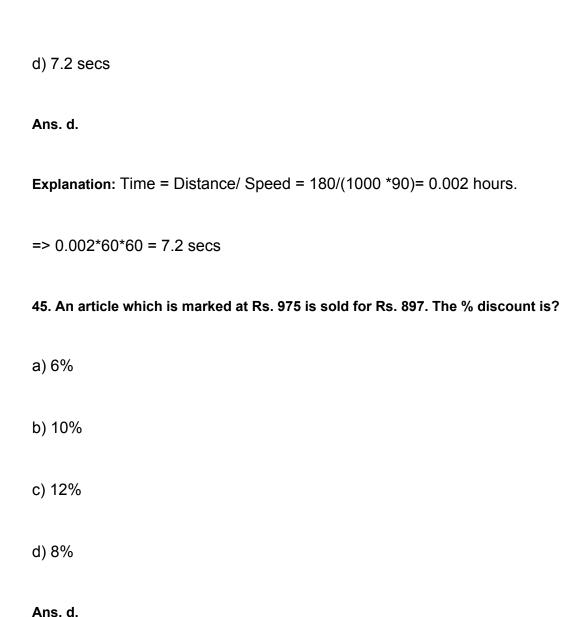
Ans.

**Explanation**: From the figure given below- we can find the shortest distance between the starting point and destination point using Pythagoras theorem-

$$=\sqrt{(13)^2+(5)^2}=13$$
 meters.







**Explanation**: % discount = (975 - 897)\*100/975 = 8%